Numb. 4731

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday Auguſt 15. to Thurſday Auguſt 17. 1710.

Berlin, Auguſt 16. *N. S.*

THE King and Court continue in this City. Laſt Thurſday Evening the Margrave Albert's Lady was delivered of a Prince. The Prince Royal has been theſe three Days indiſpoſed; but this Day he waited on the King, and thanked his Majeſty for a Preſent which his Majeſty ſent him. Yeſterday being his Birth-day, in which he enters on the twenty third Year of his Age, his Indiſpoſition hindred him from receiving the Compliments of any, except thoſe of his own Court. The Princeſs-Royal was this Day delivered of a young Prince, to the great Joy of the King and the whole Court. The Prince-Royal ſent his Majeſty the firſt News of it by the Baron Leben, and immediately his Majeſty went to the Princeſs-Royal's Apartment, and being returned from thence to his own, has already received the Compliments from all the Foreign Miniſters, and the Cannon are now firing round the Ramparts, the Bells are ringing, with all other Demonſtrations of Joy. 'Tis already reſolved this Prince ſhall be only ſtiled Prince of Pruſſia, and not Prince of Orange. The News from the Frontiers of Pomerania in Pruſſia continue to bring us Accounts of the ravage the Plague makes in thoſe Parts. In the mean time the ſtricteſt Care is taken here to prevent its approach to this City, no one being permitted to come into the Town, even in his way to Holland or Hamburg, without a ſufficient Paſsport or Atteſtation, that there is no danger of the Infection. This Morning the Grand Chambellan was carried in a Chair to the King's Apartment, to wait upon his Majeſty, being the firſt time he has been Abroad ſince his late dangerous Sickneſs. Monſieur Rantzau hath not yet had his Publick Audience, the King being inclined to admit him to it in the Country. The Elector of Hanover hath ordered his Miniſters to acquaint this Court, that he is very ready to enter into Meaſures with his Pruſſian Majeſty, and the reſt of the Allies, for the Security and Neutrality of the Empire, as far as it regards the War of the North. Letters from Warſaw of the 6th Inſtant ſay, that ten Muſcovite Regiments which were aſſembled near that City, in order to March towards the Frontiers of Pomerania, were countermanded, and are to remain near Blonia, upon the Advice from Conſtantinople, that the Grand Vifier was depoſed, which makes it feared that a Rupture with the Muſcovites may enſue; eſpecially ſince the Sultan hath forbid the Envoys of Muſcovy and Poland to hold any Conferences, or to write to their Maſters. Advices from Riga of the ſame Date ſay, that the Muſcovites had abandoned the Fortreſs of Bichow to the Saphiras. They write from Lublin of the 4th, that the Diet of that Province had accepted of the Decrees of the Diet of Warſaw; but had deputed ſome of their Members to wait on the King, and to inſiſt upon the Muſcovites Evacuation of the Kingdom.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, Auguſt 18. *N. S.* According to the Accounts we have from the Siege, our Approaches are ſomewhat retarded by the continuance of the Rains. The Diſpoſition was made for paſſing the firſt Ditch on General Schuylemburg's ſide on Saturday Night, and for attacking the Counterſcarp the next Morning. By Break of Day one Bridge was finiſhed, but it was then found impracticable to carry the other four above half way over the Ditch, which in ſome Places is fifty, and in others forty Paces broad, ſo that they were obliged to defer the Execution of the Diſpoſition 'till this Night. At General Fagel's Attack we have twelve Saps, all advanced within few Paces of the Paliſades, and ſome of them ſo near, that we were beginning to turn them along the Cover'd-way, which being flanked by a detached Ravelin on the Left of the Attack, we began yeſterday to batter the ſame with ſixteen pieces of Cannon; and this Night we ſhall make an Attack, in order to poſſeſs our ſelves of it, as being very neceſſary, both to annoy the Enemy in the Covered-way, while they remain there, and to facilitate the making our Lodgments afterwards. Our Army, and that of the Enemy, continue in their former Camps. The Duke of Marlborough, and the Prince of Savoy, deſign to go to Morrow to the Siege.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, Auguſt 21. *N. S.* We have an Account from the Siege, that the Diſpoſition for the Attack on General Schuylemburg's ſide, was yeſterday Morning executed in the manner following: Three hundred Grenadiers, with as many Fuſiliers, and four hundred Workmen, marched firſt, ſuſtained by four hundred Fuſiliers, who had the like number of Workmen with them. We had five Bridges over the firſt Ditch, two of which did not ſucceed ſo well as was expected; but our Men got over the others, and marched on to the Counterſcarp, out of which they ſoon drove the Enemy, and made two good Lodgments on the Saliant Angles of the Counterſcarp, with Communications to the Bridges, which Lodgments we ſuppoſe were joined laſt Night. At General Fagel's Attack our Mines have met with the Enemy's principal Gallery that leads to their Mines before the Saliant Angle of the Ravelin, which covers the Gate of Arras, and beat the Enemy out of it. They have likewiſe opened a Sap, which makes a Lodgment on the Saliant Angle of the ſaid Ravelin, which they are enlarging and running along the Paliſades. The Mareſchal de Villars having ſent a conſiderable Detachment of Troops to St. Omer, Lieutenant-General Roſs was ordered to March yeſterday Morning with twenty one Squadrons and nine Battalions, and encamped at Hedigneul, between our Army and that of the Siege, where he will be in readineſs to obſerve the Enemy's Motions, and join with the Troops of the Siege, in order to prevent or oppoſe any Attempt that may be made to give us Diſturbance.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 23. *N. S.* On the 19th Inſtant the Partiſan du Moulin with a ſtrong Party of Dragoons preſented themſelves before Louvain: They attempted to force one of the Gates, but without Succeſs, the Burghers immediately taking Arms, marched out of the Town, and drove them into the Woods: Of the Enemy's Dragoons ſeveral were killed and wounded; but they carried off all the Horſes they found in the Neighbourhood of the Town. Upon this ſecond Inſult, the Detachment of two hundred and fifty Men, who were lately ſent hither from Louvain, were immediately returned to their former Garriſon; and two hundred Dragoons are on their March from the Army to reinforce this Garriſon, and to diſperſe the Enemy's Parties which infeſt this Neighbourhood. The Victory obtained on the 27th of the laſt Month by his Catholick Majeſty in Catalonia, is confirmed from all Parts. Letters from Spain of the 4th Inſtant ſay, that the Duke of Anjou was encamped on the ſecond under the Cannon of Lerida. The Enemy diminiſh their Loſs to ſix hundred killed on the Spot, beſides the wounded; but private Letters make the Slaughter much greater. A Courier is daily expected here with the

Particulars